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BOOK STORE.

Only Place in the
Country
where English
and American
Newspapers
and Periodicals
are for Sale.

LIMON WEEKLY NEWS.

The only Paper published in English
in Costa Rica.



The Largest Paper of any kind Pub-
lished in Central America.

WOOD'S

JOB PRINTING
OFFICE.

Executes any kind
of Printing,
both in English
and Spanish.

See Price List.

Vol. III. No. 152.

PORT LIMON, COSTA RICA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1903.

PRICE: TEN CENTS.

Banking and Exchange

THOMAS SCOTT, San Jose, Costa Rica.

DRAFTS ON LONDON, NEW YORK, NEW ORLEANS AND KINGSTON.
LOANS GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES.
MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT AT INTEREST.
ACCOUNTS CURRENT OPENED ON FAVORABLE TERMS, SUBJECT
TO CHECK.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD.

LONDON AND GENOA.

San Jose, August, 1903

**Pabst beer
is always pure.**



SOLE AGENTS IN COSTA RICA,

LINDO BROS.,

LIMON AND MATINA.



DR. BLACKBURN
Will be leaving for Bocas in about
30 days from this date.

Aug. 15, 03.

J. KAEMPFER,

—COMMISSION MERCHANT—

AND

DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

NINETY-NINE BUILDING, LIMON.

Orders from Country Customers promptly executed.

Stock always on hand of Candies from the San Jo
Candy Factory of L. K...

Stephens Inks

The Best and Cheapest

INK

ON EARTH.

Wood's Book Store,



WATCHES!!

Keystone-Elgin Watches, direct from the Factory.

GENTS

SOLID SILVER, INLAID WITH GOLD.



TWELVE DOLLARS GOLD. \$12.00

LADIES

SOLID SILVER, INLAID WITH GOLD FILLED CASE. GUARANTY 10 OR 15 YEARS.



TWELVE DOLLARS GOLD. \$12.00



SEVEN DOLLARS GOLD. \$7.

GENTS

SILVEROID



FIVE DOLLARS GOLD. \$5.00

GENTS

GOLD FILLED CASE. GUARANTEED TWENTY YEARS.



FIFTEEN DOLLARS GOLD \$15.00

EASY TERMS.

KEYSTONE CASES
ELGIN WORKS.

These watches can be supplied on Easy Terms: Payments as low as One Dollar gold monthly accepted.

AGENTS WANTED ON THE LINE.

SOLE AGENTS IN COSTA RICA:

Wood's Book Store, Limon.

NORTHERN RAILWAY OF COSTA RICA.

TIME TABLE.

—: FOR ALL POINTS IN ZENT AND —

—Banana River Districts.—

WESTBOUND.		EASTBOUND.	
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY		DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY	
Depart	8:15 A. M.	LIMON.	1:00 P. M.
Arrive	9:20 "	ZENT.	1:50 "
"	9:40 "	ZENT JUNCTION.	2:35 "

CHIRRIPO BRANCH

Arrive	10:45 A. M.	ZENT.	10:00 M. A.	Depart
Depart	10:25 "	CHIRRIPO.	10:20 "	Arrive

BANANA RIVER DISTRICT

Arrive	5:00 P.	LIMON.	3:15 P. M.	Depart
Depart	4:05 "	BEARESEM.	4:00 "	Arrive
"	4:05 "	PHILADELPHIA	4:00 "	"

! Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
! Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

H. M. FEILD, Supr

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY.

—MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENT.—

GENERAL LINE OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOE
NOTIONS AND GROCERIES.

SCHLITZ BEER.

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils, at
Lowest Prices.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FANCY
GROCERIES JUST RECEIVED.

Large stock of Cement and Sewer Pipe now on hand
Call and get Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

United Fruit Company.

Port Limon

Limon Weekly News.

PORT LIMON SATURDAY, AUG. 22, 1903

F. M. H. WOOD,

PRINTER AND PUBLISHER, PORT LIMON
COSTA RICA, CENTRAL AMERICA.

R. A. HESLOP, AGENT, ZENT JUNCTION
ANTONIO LEHMANN, CENTRAL AVE.
SAN JOSE.

CURRENT ITEMS.

A new Calaboose is now under
course of construction at Zent.
It is a pretentious-looking build-
ing of two stories, and it is hoped
will accommodate all the police
business in the Zent district for
some years to come.

THE United Fruit Company
have recently completed the con-
struction of a through telephone
service to San Jose. They have
also new stations at 25 Miles, 28
Miles, Santa Rosa, Monte Verde,
on the new line, and at Yonkers
and Cristina on the old line.

THE new plant for the instal-
lation of wireless telegraphy
between here and Bocas is ex-
pected to arrive within a week
or two, so that by the end of
September communication will
probably be established.

Mr. and Mrs. Felipe J. Alva-
rado arrived from their Euro-
pean tour by the United Fruit
Company's steamer "Preston"
on Monday morning last. Both
Mr. and Mrs. Alvarado appear
to have greatly benefited by the
trip, the greater part of which
they spent in France, while they
stayed also several weeks in Lon-
don.

Mr. & Mrs. Starke, who have
been spending a few days with
Mr. and Mrs. Arthur, at Colom-

biana returned to their home at
Tuis on Monday last. Mr.
Starke, it will be remembered
was in charge of Colombiana
several years ago during the
time of the late Mr. Walter
Ingalls.

(Continued on 4th Page.)

Chances in the Royal Mail Co's Fleet.

CLYDE AND MAGDALENA WILL SHORTLY BE
PLACED ON W. I. ROUTE.

From Daily Telegraph.

News was received in Kingston yester-
day that the construction of two of
the four first-class passenger and mail
ships for the Royal Mail Steam Packet
Company, has been commenced on the
Clyde.

The vessels will be over 6,000 tons
displacement each; and will have ac-
commodations for several hundred
saloon passengers; each will be fitted
up with the latest appliances and will
be capable of maintaining a very good
speed. It is believed that when the
two vessels are completed they will
first be placed on the Brazil route.

The Magdalena and Clyde of the
Brazil route, will replace the Orinoco
and the Para on the West Indian trade,
as on the completion of the new ships
both the Orinoco and Para will, as
already announced in this paper, be
withdrawn from this route.

WHAT IS A COUGH?

A spasmodic effort to expel the mu-
cus from the bronchial tubes. A cold
causes a more abundant secretion of
mucus, and when the lungs and bron-
chial tubes are inflamed, they are ex-
tremely sensitive to the irritation.
Unless care is taken, the cold may
result in pneumonia, which is swift
and deadly. If the cold is a lingering
one, the more leisurely but equally
fatal consumption may set in. Do
not neglect a cold or cough. Take
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It
always cures and cures quickly. Li-
mon INTERNATIONAL PHARMACY sells
—26 yrs. 11. 4. 03.

WOOD'S BOOK STORE,

LIMON-PRICE LIST

Of Stationery, School Material and Novelties-

Table listing various stationery and school supplies such as Automatic Pencils, Ledgers, Balls, Brushes, Cards, etc., with their respective prices.

Table listing various stationery items like Typewriter gill, Tally books, Tags, etc., with prices.

Country customers will please include in their remittance the cost of postage, equal to 25 cents for two pounds.



The late discovery in strawberries of salicylic acid, a specific in acute rheumatism, has seemed to confirm the idea that these berries are a desirable article of food for rheumatics.

Some bacteria, large fungi and rotten wood are known to glow in the dark, but shrubs and flowering plants are not usually credited with the property of phosphorescence.

Whether the microbes which are constantly present in the intestinal canal of man and animals are essentially necessary to promote digestion, are harmless and unnecessary, or are even injurious, is a question on which various observers have arrived at different results.

In computing geologic time, scientists make use of a variety of continuous processes. First may be mentioned river deposits. Throughout the ages the rivers have been depositing layers of sediment at their mouths.

Professor Wright of Birmingham University, finds the fossil teeth of the men of the Neolithic and the bronze ages almost perfect in number, regularity, and soundness.

THE GREAT DESTROYER

SOME STARTLING FACTS ABOUT THE VICE OF 'INTEMPERANCE.

The Teaching of Temperance—Mrs. Hunt's Paper at Bremen Congress—Knowledge Great Power to Defeat Alcohol—Flea For Instruction in Public Schools

At the International Anti-Alcohol Congress, Bremen, Mrs. Mary M. Hunt, of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Boston, Mass., delivered an address on the significance of scientific temperance instruction in public schools as a preventive of alcoholism.

First—The nature of alcohol and its effects upon the human economy, and Second—The physiological reasons for obeying all laws of health, since unhygienic habits often cause a craving for narcotics.

Carbing the German Thirst.

Germany is paying \$750,000,000 a year for beer and other alcoholic stimulants, and there is a growing sentiment that it is too much.

Drag Down and Destroy.

To have "free and intelligent men" a country must grow them; and you can no more do that while the boys and boys are exposed to the seducements of opium saloons, and the devices resorted to by the liquor traffic to create appetite for strong drink, than you can rear and preserve the life of sheep when your flock is exposed to sheep killing dogs and prowling wolves.

An Abuse to Remedy.

The Citizens' League of Chicago has issued an attractive folder, which is being sent to all the manufacturing firms in the city, urging employers to pay their employees in cash instead of bank checks.

The Crusade in Brief.

The drink seller is always shamed of the products of his trade. Wine opens the damper to let all the fires of evil in a man burn.



VIEW OF LIMON.

Directory of Costa Rica.

Insurance—Limon Mutual Life, President, W. J. Reid; Secretary and Treasurer, F. M. H. Wood. CE MANUFACTURERS—Florida Ice Co. LAWYERS—Jose Caballero. NEWSPAPERS—Limon Weekly News. PHYSICIANS—Dr. Mauro Aguilar. Dr. Alex Garcia. Dr. — Obregon. Dr. Septimus Stegall. POLICE—Marcus Sotela, Comandante. POSTMASTER—Manuel Esquivel. PRINTERS—E. M. H. Wood. PRODUCE MERCHANTS—Isaac L. Maduro. ROVIEION MERCHANTS—J. E. Kaempffer. LINDO BROS. Esan Lyon. United Fruit Company. AILROADS, COSTA RICA—J. A. Pearce, Traffic Inspector. G. C. Wendorf, Train Dispatcher. R. W. Uncles, Freight Agent. Max Lesser, Material Agent. G. W. Rothery, Master Mechanic. AILROADS, NORTHERN—H. M. Field, Superintendent. Wm. G. Chase, Assistant Supt. W. D. Janney, Chief Engineer. H. Scharschmidt, Assistant Eng'r. J. M. Tibaut, Freight and Ticket Agt. A. Lasker, Material Agent. Robert Potts, Master Mechanic. STEAMSHIP AGENCIES—Elder-Dumpler, F. J. Alvarado & Co. Fernch, F. J. Alvarado & Co. Hamburg-American, Luis Wechmann. Royal Mail, F. J. Alvarado & Co. Sianlah, F. J. Alvarado & Co. United Fruit Co. SHOEMAKERS—J. M. Goffe. SCHOOLS—Public, Mr. Leonardo Vega L., master. Miss Evida de la Guardia, mistress. Baptist, Henry Hyton, Master. Church of England, W. E. Price, Master; Miss Z. Barton, Mistress. Wesleyan, W. J. Flowers, Master. SODA WATER MAKERS—Simon Cohn. STATIONERY—Wood's Book Store. STORES—A. C. Campbell. John Sachs. TAILORS—C. W. Grant. T. P. McGuiness. H. Portuondo. R. A. Watson. TELEGRAPHS—Zacarias Cheves, Chief Operator. WATCHMAKERS—J. A. Calorie. A. J. L. Steele. Jacob Stevens. WHARF MASTER—Captain W. G. Baker. DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL RESIDENTS. Acevedo, Ramon F. Allen, Horatio. Arnold, Mrs. L. C. Brown, R. H. Becket, H. S. C. G. Beckles, Charles. Beale, John M. Buchanan, Jame Bonilla, Alfonso. Campbell, C. A. Chivi, Nicolas. Childs, Richard. Cummins, Polemus. Diermissen, Max. Foster, W. Fry, Peter. Forbes, Charles. Fennel, Samuel. Grant, E. A. Greenwood, John. Gordon, Alexander. Gueph, Fred. Guridi, Francisco. Loofs, J. F. Legion, E. Morrison, J. C. Macpherson, Sarah. Maroney, Robert. Marti, Jack. Nunes, O. P. Pilgrim, J. R. Pardo, Rogelio. Reifschlager, Ernest. Rather, Wm. G. Reynolds, Charles. Ramsay, Henry. Shaw, Charles Aubrey. Shaw, Samuel. Simmons, Captain S. Seaman, W. M. Scott, C. D. Smith, C. H. Schutt, Richard. Taylor, Col. H. M. Zurich, Harry.

Trades Directory.

E. W. Jackson. BARS—Alfano Hermanos. Jose Cuvillier. BOOK STORES—Wood's Book Store. BOOTS AND SHOES—Emilio Artavia. BUTCHERS—L. O. Eraser. CARPENTERS—Hilary Bockles. Alfonso Chase. James Stibbell. COMMISSION MERCHANTS—Felipe J. Alvarado & Co. DENTISTS—Dr. Will A. Blackburn. DRUGGISTS—Viggilio Giorgi. Obregon & Co. DRY GOODS—Ferdinand Asch. Misses Browner. Seldes Ramirez. G. W. Titzck. EXCHANGE—F. M. H. Wood. FIRE BRIGADE—Ramon F. Acevedo, Chief. F. M. H. Wood, Deputy Chief. FRIENDLY SOCIETIES—Foresters, L. O. Fraser, C. R. Good Samaritans, Adolphus English. W. C. Knights of Pythias, E. A. Pfl. Masons: English, C. V. Lindo, R. W. M.; Spanish, Julio Gomez, kl. R. W. M. Mechanics. Odd Fellows. Shepherds. HOSPITALS—Charity. Costa Rica Railway. United Fruit Co. HOTELS—Gran Hotel. Hotel Arrasty.

JAMAICA SWEEP BY A HURRICANE.

Thousands Homeless. Fifty Lives Were Lost and Hundreds of People Were Injured.

The Property Loss, it is believed, Will Reach Ten Million Dollars.

THE ENTIRE COAST STREWN WITH WRECKAGE—EVERY PLANTATION ON THE ISLAND DEVASTATED. COURSE OF THE STORM.

FIRST INFORMATION RECEIVED.

The first official news of the disaster was contained in the following cable received here on Saturday and dated Kingston, Friday Aug. 14th:—

"According to information received last night, the hurricane which devastated the island Monday, returned this morning with double fury.

ANOTHER CABLE.

There are fears that there will be a recurrence of the hurricane. Immense panic prevails. There has been a constant torrential storm during the past 24 hours, accompanied by a strong wind.

FIFTY LIVES LOST AND HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE INJURED.

Kingston, Aug. 13.—The effects of the first Indian hurricane which has swept on to the northward since the middle of Jamaica are greater and more serious than first reported.

The United Fruit Company's wharves, offices, hotels and plantations were utterly demolished. Five of the company's steamers, including the Signon Luminio, Alfred Dumois and Brighton, were driven ashore.

EVERY BANANA PLANTATION IN THE ISLAND DEVASTATED.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 11 (delayed in transmission).—The hurricane, the frigate only of which struck the western end of Jamaica yesterday, and which it was thought had passed, instead of proceeding to the northward veered to the south early this morning and struck Jamaica with its full force.

Twenty boats, including the Quickstep, Scotia, Good Luck, Rover, etc. were high and dry.

Mr. DePass's lighter, the Larue, was safely lodged on Messrs M. & J. Scott's wharf, while the Avon was blown by the waves alongside Mr. DePass's wharf.

Central wharf shared the general fate and Trelawny wharf also.

Mr. John Scott's residence was completely unroofed. The roof of Mr. A. L. Brown's house blown off.

Reports which came in from all parts of the country yesterday (told in painful language) the story of sorrow and destitution which prevails over almost the entire island.

It is expected that His Excellency will preside over the public relief meeting to be held in the city next Monday.

His Excellency has cabled to the Lord Mayor of London asking him to open a Mansion House Fund in aid of the sufferers by the hurricane.

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SUFFERING IN JAMAICA.

Kingston Aug. 13.—The destitution of the hurricane-stricken districts is appalling. Thousands of persons, homeless, starving and ill-clad, are hurrying to the towns to obtain shelter and supplies.

Wednesday's dispatches said that the Signon Dumois and the Brighton, as well as the two named above, had been driven ashore by the storm.

FRUIT COMPANY'S VESSELS FLOATED.

New York, Aug. 13.—The United Fruit Company today received word that their steamship Brighton, which was driven ashore at Point Nina, Jamaica, by the hurricane, has been floated and started for New York.

PRESIDENT OF FRUIT COMPANY SAYS LOSS WILL NOT BE GREAT.

Boston, Aug. 13.—President Preston of the United Fruit Company, has received an additional advice regarding the extent of the hurricane which damaged the company's property in Jamaica.

FALMOUTH IS DEVASTATED.

Falmouth, August 13.—A terrible hurricane passed over the town of Falmouth on the morning of the 11th inst. totally destroying all the shipping in the harbour, wrecking the wharves and blowing down residences in the different parts of the town especially along the sea board.

On the evening of August 10th the wind sprang up accompanied by rain and continued to blow hard all night from the North and Northwest.

Fishermen's canoes came floating inland and larger craft dragging their anchors were thrown high and dry by the angry waves of a troubled sea that had no rest.

A large house inhabited by the mother and sisters of Mr. Alfred Delisser fell. The inmates escaped and took shelter in the next house belonging also to the same gentleman only half an hour before the fall of the roof.

A few minutes after, the Presbyterian manse collapsed, and a little later the house in which Mr. Robinson, the manager of Messrs J. E. Kerr & Co's business resides and where the Colonial Bank Agency is conducted.

Port Maria, August 11.—Yesterday the 10th day of August, A. D., 1903, and we may say just twenty three years since that storm or cyclone of August, 1880 (August 18)—that storm which in the memory of those who were signally and associated with the eighties in the 19th century is still vivid with all the horrors attending on that memorable epoch.

Before the service had begun there were to be seen loitering on the footbridge, and about places where a complete view of the sea could be demanded some Old Heads who seemed to say "I fear a hurricane;" as the little ones PASSED HOLDING

their hats fearing less it might have gone to the water instead of the missionary meeting! The bell rang on, and the wind freshened, but in spite of the wind all the seats available in the church were filled.

DESIRING TO HURRY HOME.

and holding hats on and dresses tightly swaddled, the majority completed their tasks, but for that and "Rachel would have wept." Some retired to rest on arriving home, but others sat and contemplated the situation as the hours went slowly by awaiting the turn of events until about 4.30 when they found that the inevitable had come!

DEEPEST CONCERN.

for at about 5 a. m. we found all nature round about us plunged into the midst of one of the most terrific hurricanes that ever moved over the face of the Globe.

KERR & CO'S HEAVY LOSSES.

All the wharves and offices have been entirely destroyed as only a mass of debris can be seen of them.

SEVERE DAMAGE ON ESTATE.

Fontabelle Estate, Falmouth, Aug. 11.—The storm commenced here at 4 a. m. this morning accompanied with rain and lasted for several hours.

These reports must move one's heart to pity for the thousands of unfortunate people who are so sorely afflicted.

PORT MARIA IS A VAST WRECK.

The houses on Pemberton Valley, Alandale, Tryall, Oxford, Llanrumney Brimmer Hill, Trinity, Frontier, Friendship, "Belle Retiro", Villas etc., etc., have been wholly or partly destroyed.

SETTLERS' HOUSE OR SHOP.

The people have lost all their means of sustenance for the next six months at least.

Some further subscriptions were received by the GENERAL yesterday. Help is urgently needed; and we should like to see more contributions coming in quickly.

PLANTATIONS SWEEP CLEAN.

Port Maria, Aug. 13.—I send you a list, so far as I am able to gather, of the banana properties that have been wholly destroyed—not a single banana tree is standing on the many thousands of acres comprised in these holdings; and with but very few coconut trees on any of them.

Every acre of small settlers' bananas etc., has been destroyed, while thousands of dwellings, shops and out-houses destroyed. News has reached here that Highgate and Hamstead have been demolished.

St. Ann's Bay, August 14.—How have you fared? This was the prevailing question in this town on Tuesday afternoon. And well might the question be asked, for the entire valley in which we live is in wreck and ruin.

Houses, Churches, wharves, stores, cultivation and roads have been badly damaged. Many narrow escapes from falling houses have been recorded, but up to the present there is no report of any death or even serious injury.

The Methodist Church is completely wrecked, and the debris of the building lie scattered on the ground for chains around. Only portions of the walls are standing. The Rectory is nearly as bad. Only one room can be used at present. The vestry and school buildings have been demolished.

Nearly every store in the town has been damaged to a greater or lesser extent, and in many cases the stock is ruined.

Houses are down in every direction, and the ruin is appalling. Hundreds of people had to seek and are still seeking for shelter.

Priory, a district about two miles from here, has been practically annihilated. Nearly every house has been levelled to the ground and the suffering of the unfortunate people is awful.

Practically every wharf is a wreck. The United Fruit Company was preparing to load one of their steamers when the storm struck the port.

Bunches of bananas and bags of coconuts piled up on this, and other wharves, have been scattered about the town.

All the wharves and offices have been entirely destroyed as only a mass of debris can be seen of them.

On the whole, the entire damage done to property, real and personal, could not be taken, even so meagrely estimated to be less than £70,000.

WEEKLY SHIPPING LIST.

Table with columns: Steamer, Date, From, To Leave. Lists arrivals and departures for various ports.

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Aug. 16.—At 7 a. m. ss "Valeria" German, c. von Leitner, 51 crew and 1466 tons register. No passengers, 643 bales cargo and 5 sacks correspondence. Consigned to L. Wichmann.

Aug. 17.—At 6 a. m. ss. Alleghany, German, c. Huase, 45 crew and 1606 tons register, from San Juan del Norte 14 passengers, 11 bales cargo and 5 sacks correspondence. Consigned to L. Wichmann.

Aug. 17.—At 6 a. m. ss. Preston Norwegian, c. Hansen, 30 crew and 908 tons register, from New York, 1 passengers, general cargo, no correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Aug. 17.—At 4.30 p. m. ss. Chokahomy, English, 1821 tons register, from Kingston. No passengers, no cargo, no correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Aug. 17.—At 9.30 a. m. ss. Aescania German, c. Rose, 52 crew and 1291 tons register, from Colon. No passengers. General cargo, 10 sacks correspondence and 3 packets. Consigned to L. Wichmann.

Aug. 18.—At 6 p. m. ss. Hlappauia, Norwegian, c. Seberg, 22 crew and 883 tons register, from Mobile. No passengers, cargo, no correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Aug. 19.—At 1.30 a. m. ss. Alleghany, German, c. Huase, 44 crew and 1606 tons register, from New York, 10 passengers. Cargo: 4 boxes shells, 7 sacks cocoa, 3 sacks lime, 4 bales various articles and 22,000 bunches bananas, 4 sacks correspondence. Despatched by L. Wichmann.

Aug. 17.—At 4.30 p. m. ss. Valeria German, c. von Leitner, 51 crew and 1466 tons register, for Kingston. 46 passengers. No cargo, 2 sacks correspondence. Despatched by L. Wichmann.

Aug. 18.—At 11.30 a. m. ss. Preston, Norwegian, c. Hansen, 30 crew and 908 tons register, for Boston. No passengers, no correspondence. 24,000 bunches bananas. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Aug. 18.—At 12.30 p. m. ss. Aescania German, c. Rose, 51 crew and 1291 tons register, for Colon. 16 passengers. Cargo: 1 box cancelled stamps, 1 sack and 2 packets correspondence. Despatched by L. Wichmann.

Aug. 10.—At 11 p. m. ss. Venus, Norwegian, c. Bjornes, 27 crew and 1423 tons register, for New Orleans. 1 passenger. 38,000 bunches bananas 5 sacks correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Aug. 14.—At 3.30 p. m. ss. Colombia, Norwegian, c. Hertzberg, 20 crew and 511 tons register, for Mobile. No passenger, no correspondence, 14,000 bunches bananas. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Aug. 15.—At 4.45 p. m. ss. Olympia, English, 37 crew and 1070 tons register, for New Orleans. No passengers, 1 sack correspondence, 23,000 bunches bananas. Despatched by the United Fruit Company.



Weekly Shipping List.

Table with columns: Steamer, Date, From, To Leave. Lists arrivals and departures for various ports.

'LA ESTRELLA' Establishment for the Manufacture of Ground Coffee. The only firm established to date on the most modern principle where the quality of the grain is first class and prices beyond competition.

BOOTS AND SHOES. ALL GOODS FROM THE SHOE STORE "LA DEMOCRACIA," are well known throughout this country for their superior quality and reasonable prices.

NOTICE. WE have just received the following patent medicines which we are offering at very reduced prices; Canadian Healing Oil (Genuine) C1.40 per bottle.

MULES FOR SALE. Apply E. P. DE ARCE, Zent Junction] 8.8.03.



Mrs. F. Wright, of Oelwein, Iowa, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. A Young New York Lady Tells of a Wonderful Cure:—

"My trouble was with the ovaries; I am tall, and the doctor said I grew too fast for my strength. I suffered dreadfully from inflammation and doctored continually, but got no help. I suffered from terrible dragging sensations with the most awful pains low down in the side and pains in the back, and the most agonizing headaches. No one knows what I endured. Often I was sick to the stomach, and every little while I would be too sick to go to work, for three or four days; I work in a large store, and I suppose standing on my feet all day made me worse. At the suggestion of a friend of my mother's I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it is simply wonderful. I felt better after the first two or three doses; it seemed as though a weight was taken off my shoulders; I continued its use until now I can truthfully say I am entirely cured. Young girls who are always paying doctors' bills without getting any help as I did, ought to take your medicine. It cures so much more, and it is sure to cure them.—Yours truly, ADELAIN PRABEL, 174 St. Ann's Ave., New York City."—\$5000 forfeit if original of above letter writing genuineness cannot be proven.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The telephone has closely connected many people who heretofore were only distantly related. Ladies Can Wear Shoes One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Lefroy, N. Y.

Happy accident will often secure for a man the thing for which he has vainly striven. I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption is an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOVON, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1933.

The parrot may not be a brilliant conversationalist, but it can bite convincingly.

Littleton Female College. One of the most prosperous schools in the South for the higher education of young ladies—an institution that has really done a great work. We will make a special offer to the first young lady in your county from whom we receive a copy of this advertisement. Address PEARL BROWN, Littleton, N. C.

A man with a fad is all right so long as he keeps it to himself.

Its advantages for practical instruction, both in simple laboratories and abundant hospital work are unquenchable. Free courses in green in the great Charity Hospital, with 900 beds and 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given daily at the bedside of the sick. The next session begins October 2nd, 1933. For catalogue and information address PERRY, S. R. CHAPMAN, M. D., Dept. P. O. Drawer 211, New Orleans, La.

Removes all swelling in 10 to 20 days. Aids in permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write to Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

Can be easily made with our Well Augers & Drills. One man and one horse required. We are the only makers of the Timm Well-Boring and Back-Drilling Machine. Warranted the Best on Earth! Many of our customers make from \$20 to \$40 a day. Send for Catalogue. LUMMIS MACHINE CO., TIFFIN, OHIO.

AFCO Female Pills make WEAK WOMEN strong and delayed periods easy. Every package guaranteed. By mail for 25 two-cent stamps, plain wrapper. Write for book of valuable information for both sexes. Address: Afro Chemical Company, P. O. Box 574, Jacksonville, Fla. Ladies agents wanted in every town.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A WOMAN'S BARGAIN. Mrs. Enpeck—I think, Henry, that our daughter has made a very satisfactory marriage, and that she will succeed very well in the management of her husband. Henry Enpeck—Why so? Mrs. Enpeck—I overheard her talking to him this morning, and she got him to agree to a proposition like this: "If you will do as I want, I promise to do the same."—Baltimore American.

GOOD REASON. "Three-fourths of your male guests," said Goff, "seem to be cheap, well dressed fellows who expect to marry women with fortunes." "Yes," pleasantly responded the landlord; "that's my reason for saying that the house is run on the European plan."—Indianapolis Sun.

ABSENT-MINDED. "Butterby is awfully absent-minded." "What is his latest?" "He was driving a nail and hammered his thumb. He howled and put the nail in his mouth and tried to sting his thumb on the floor."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

NERVE WORN KIDNEYS. Doan's Kidney Pills. Doan's Kidney Pills make freedom from kidney trouble possible. They carry a kind of medication to the kidneys that brings a bright ray of hope to desperate cases. Aching backs are eased. High fevers, and skin rashes overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish. LUCK HAYES, Pa.—Mrs. L. W. Antomucci writes: "A few weeks ago I sent for a trial box of Doan's Kidney Pills for myself, and they did all they were said to do. My husband was kicked last fall by a horse and badly hurt—his hip was fractured—and after he recovered he was in such misery that he could hardly walk, and to sleep caused him such distress that he thought he would have to quit work—also it affected his bladder, and he was unable to make his water without so much distress. I insisted on his getting a box of your pills and trying them, so I went to Mason's Drug Store and got a box. The first box helped him so much that I got the second and since the third, and now he is entirely well."—Mrs. L. W. Antomucci, Lock Haven, Pa.

Servia is a Peculiar Nation. The People Are Clean, Hospitable and Religious--Something About Their Customs. By Emma Paddock Telford.

THE Servians, who call themselves Serbs or Sorbs, claim descent from a community of Slavs invited by the Emperor Heraclius to people the Danubian lands laid waste by the Avars. This stock today, in Europe, numbers over 80,000,000—1,500,000 being settled in Servia. By language and race they belong to Russia, and a common saying with them is: "The Germans have reached their day; the English their midday; the French their afternoon; the Italians their evening; the Spaniards their night; but the Slavs stand on the threshold of their morning." The Servians are more purely Slavs than their neighbors, the Bulgarians. When they adopted Christianity, part of the people joined the Greek Church and part the Church of Rome. For a brief period during the reign of one man, Stephen Dushan from 1333



KING PETER I. OF SERVIA.

to 1355, there was a powerful Servian kingdom, including Bosnia, Herzegovina and much of Macedonia. But after his downfall and the disastrous flight of his successor at Kossava the component parts of this Servia fell asunder. Many of the Servians remain in Macedonia to-day—in the sections known as Old Servia—while the warlike Montenegris are the descendants of the aristocracy of ancient Servia, who fled to the mountain fastnesses between the Adriatic and the Valley of Zeta after the defeat at Kossava.

In the Ottoman invasion the Servians along the Danube were conquered, many of the nobles, in order to preserve their privileges, adopting Mohammedanism. They are a gentle-minded people, however, and do not interfere with their Christian brothers of the Greek or Romish Church. The Servian language is flexible, musical and powerful. Song is heard everywhere, and the wandering minstrel still traverses the country



KING ALEXANDER AND QUEEN DRAGA, THE RULERS OF SERVIA WHO WERE RECENTLY ASSASSINATED.

from castle to castle, singing of the glories of Servia as she was prior to the defeat of Kossava. They are very fond of the grand old hymns of the Greek Church. One noticeable feature

of their songs is the keynote of hopefulness and brightness. Many of their ballads are like Longfellow's "Hiawatha" in meter. Of their poetry it has been said to be "like their own mountainous land, wild, stern and rugged, but diversified by smiling valleys and fruitful fields, showing that it is capable of development and cultivation." The versification is regular. As a people the Servians are simple-



SERVIAN NOBLEMEN AS THEY ARE AT HOME.

minded, hospitable, honest, dignified. There is a great prejudice against lawyers all through the land, and they have in the interior what are known as "reconciliation houses," in which cases are decided by the village elders without expense to the litigants. The common people are brave and religious by character, many of them holding three daily prayer meetings. At the table each individual asks a blessing on the food. In drinking, even, the toast of the Servians is "to the glory of God," and no one, it is said, would take his seat at the head of a convivial party who could not extemporize a suitable prayer. There are few great land owners. Each family owns the land it tills, and with the most imperfect methods of agriculture manages to draw from it a livelihood.

Lilies bloom on all the hill sides and flowers are everywhere. The pig hits always been to Servia the chief source of her commercial wealth and the prime factor in politics. Until twenty years ago, fatter-headed herds of these animals, almost wild, fattened in the glades of the vast beechen forests. They were brought in droves toward the Danube and sold for consumption in Austria and Hungary. Now the oak forests are devastated to a great extent, for the Servian takes from the soil but never gives back—and American bacon is used everywhere. Small wonder that Prince Alexis a few years ago should have felt emboldened to meditate an alliance between himself and the daughter of an American millionaire pork packer as "all in the trade." The Servian woman, according to ancient tradition, holds an inferior and somewhat servile position, and not until she becomes the mother of children does she amount to much in the estimation of her family. This was one of the reasons that impelled Queen Draga to try and palm off her sister's child as her own. In the wedding ceremony the presence of a new born child is deemed a most essential feature. When King Alexander was married the wedding was celebrated with a minute observance of all the traditional ceremonies and customs of the Greek Church. As the Queen descended from her carriage a piece of white linen woven in the country was spread upon the ground. As soon as the bride crossed it, it was rolled up in order that no other foot might tread upon it. At the entrance door of the Konak, her aunt presented a sieve of seed corn, of which the Queen took three handfuls, tossing them over her head. She then emptied the sieve upon the ground. On the threshold the bride was presented with a plate of bonbons, one of which she placed between her lips, while the King bit off the other half. The bridegroom then took into his arms a new born boy, lent for this special occasion by the minister. Alexander kissed him, then laid him in the arms of the Queen, who, after kissing him three times, returned with him to his mother with the present of a few shirt. This child is called Nakomose, "the most essential." The scattered corn denotes that the bride brings with her joy and prosperity, while the divided bonbons means that no bitterness shall divide them. After all these ceremonies the bride must still stand at the threshold until, provided with a loaf of bread under either arm and a bottle of wine in her hands, she enters her future home. Servian women are good housekeepers and travelers rejoice to find scrupulous cleanliness, snowy sheets and comfortable bedding—essentials lacking in most of the other Balkan states. The people are extremely fond of taking their meals in fresco, and nearly all the hotels of the cities and larger towns have charming gardens enclosed in the quadrilateral formed by their

hay or wheat he calls upon his neighbors, and in return offers his own services. At the end of each harvest is festival called the inoba, when all men and women engage in the kola, national dance. An immense circle formed of men and women alternate in holding each other by the hand, waist. In the center the gypsy boy plays the national airs. The circle revolves slowly, in curves—the steps, a series of small staccato jumps, executed with great decorum. No Servian will consent to be a house servant—even the cooks and maidservants coming from Croatia, Austria or Hungary. Maize is the principal crop, the rest of the arable land being given to potatoes, hemp, vines, tobacco, rye, wheat and corn. The climate and vegetation are much like the South of England. The slopes are covered with strawberries, the forest glades with raspberries and blackberries, white pears, cherries, plums and apples grow even in the woods.

dependencies, where all sup in the open air, surrounded by trees and flowers. The women of the cities combine European and Oriental fashions in their dress. An embroidered skirt and neckerchief cover the bust, held in place with flowers or a gold pin. A heavy

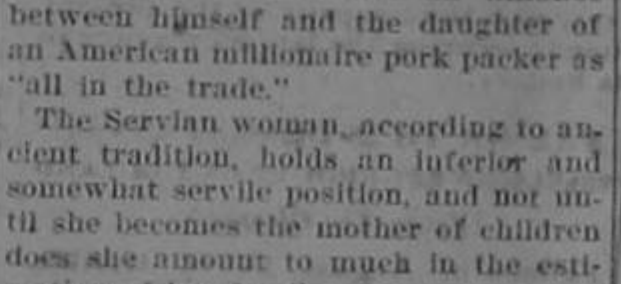


A MIDDLE-CLASS SERVIAN WOMAN IN HOME DRESS.

brocaded sash is usually thrown around the waist and hangs in front of the gay silk dress, which is made in European style. An abundance of jewelry completes the costume, whose beauty is marred by the foolish custom of dyeing the hair and staining the eyebrows and lips. The arrangement of the hair is peculiar, a slick black braided around a light scarlet fez, its crown covered with embroidery.—Brooklyn Eagle.

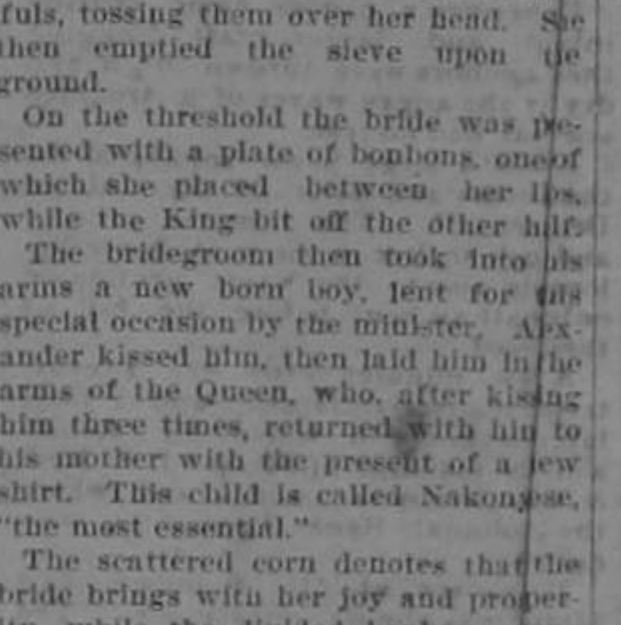
THE TOWER OF JEZREEL. The Memory of an Extinct Sect of Religious Fanatics.

On the summit of Chatham Hill, says The London Sketch, there is a colossal structure that forms a landmark for miles around. It is known as "Jezreel's Tower," and was erected not so very many years ago by an ex-churchman called the Jezreelites. Their leader, one White—or, as he preferred to call himself, "James Jeersom Jezreel"—had previously been a soldier, but found more profitable employment in preaching a faith which promised immortality to all its believers. Money flowed into the exchequer of the "faithful," and the "Temple of Jezreel" was commenced, "for the housing of 14,000 persons who were not to taste death." However, before the building was completed the faith of the immortal Jezreelites received a rude shock. White died, and most of the money



THE TOWER OF JEZREEL.

also disappeared. It is, perhaps, needless to say that the faith of the Jezreelites in their own immortality died with him. A half-finished, ugly, gaping mass of bricks and iron still remains—a not inappropriate reminder of such a piece of inequivalent folly. A Giant Sassafras. The accompanying picture shows the largest sassafras tree I have ever seen or heard of. The tree measures thirteen feet in circumference and its height must be between forty and fifty feet. The tree stands in the township of Red Hook, Dutchess County, New York, about two or three miles southeast of Tivoli, on the road from Tivoli to Upper Red Hook. I have driven past this tree every spring for nearly sixty years. The trunk is now a mere shell, and I desire to place on record the portrait of this venerable tree before it vanishes. Years ago the tree was covered with wild grape, and every spring it was covered with bloom the fragrance of which made the old



tree famous. At such times the tree was enveloped by a cloud of insects attracted by the blossoming of the grape. The hum of myriad wings made a memorable sound.—D. P. in Country Life in America. The Sails of Business. Talk fills the sails of business. But they aren't made to stand a hard blow.—New York Press. In many parts of the country the use of stoves in passenger cars of steam railroad trains is prohibited by law.

BANANA.

Away in a certain English town a certain portly gentleman daily protests against the nice-looking banana. How he got it is told by Quiz in the Bristol Observer thus: There was lately a letter in the 'Western Daily Press' pointing out the risk to pedestrians when 'orange peel and banana skins are thrown on the pavement. Not very long ago I was walking in a central street, in which I should have very much deplored a number and I had a narrow escape. A friend of mine, a man of big body and rather awkward gait, did not fare so luckily. He was struggling along at a quicker pace than usual, his face red, his high hat tilted a little on one side, and his long coat tails flapping in the breeze when all of a sudden he came a cropper; for a moment he stared about him in blank amazement, too bewildered to realize all that had happened. The disaster had been witnessed by a considerable number of persons, some of them young and mischievous, and the high hat much valued by its owner, because of its shape and elegant appearance, which had rolled into the centre of the roadway, was 'taken up' tenderly, and lifted with care, and placed, crown upwards, on the edge of the kerb, near to the prostrate and lengthy figure. A leather bag, which my friend was carrying, falling heavily was burst open, and some of the contents escaped for a second, but were recovered by the nimble lads, replaced, and the bag placed in close company to the hat, so that by the time the bruised and frightened man got on to his feet, he heard a chorus of merry laughter—not directed so much at him as at the silent 'monitors' that were arranged at the edge of the pavement. My friend picked up his belongings and walked slowly away a stiffer man, it was a banana skin that caused him to fall, and his intimates now know him by the name of 'Banana'!—'Jamaica Times'.

HONDURAS.

NATIVE INDUSTRIES IN 1902. The 'Bulletin' of the International Bureau of the American Republics for May states that the year 1902 witnessed a commendable effort on the part of the people of Honduras to pay greater attention to their domestic enterprises than in the few years preceding. As a consequence, trade has been brisker, and earlier in the year there was a fair quantity of money in circulation. The chief industry, as heretofore, is the curing and manufacturing of tobacco and cigars. The Department of Copan is the foremost in this direction. Cigars to the number of 3,128,800, and several million packages of cigarettes, were exported, the product going, in part, to the United States, Belize, and neighbouring Republics. The industry, it is said, might be developed to importance if more liberal rights and privileges were given to foreign cigar makers. Native interests are so jealously guarded at present that it is almost impossible for foreigners to obtain a fair field. The manufacture of palm-leaf hats has received a considerable impetus because of the great demand for 'Panama' hats. During the year just past, 15,000 hats were made. The industry is now assuming noticeable proportions in the Department of Olancha. Native mills for the manufacture of flour are doing a good business in the district of Ocotepaque, and mills are about to be established in Santa Barbara and Cortes. Although there is a large manufactory for candles in Tegucigalpa, the demand, says the 'Bulletin,' seems to warrant another similar establishment.—'The Board of Trade Journal'.

CARTHAGENA.

(From The Board of Trade Journal) The British Vice-Consul at Carthage reports that the British commercial traveller is again conspicuous by his absence, or, more correctly, by his infrequent appearance in that district. The few—the very few—who do turn up, are, as usual, not familiar with the language, and have to depend on incompetent interpreters. If travellers are wanting, enquires addressed to the Consul Officer are not, and they increase year by year. The Vice-Consul again draws attention to the fact that the adoption of the metric system by sellers would improve their chance of doing business. (Foreign Office, Annual Series, 3,005.)

SALVADOR.

CHANGE IN CONSULAR INVOICES. (From The Board of Trade Journal.) The Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade have received a communication from the Consul-General of the Republic of Salvador in London notifying a change in the requirements of that Republic as regards Consular invoices. These requirements, from the 20th July, have been restricted, the Consul-General writes, to the following, viz., name of shippers and of consignees, name of carrying vessel, port of destination in Salvador, marks, numbers, number of packages, whether bales, boxes, barrels, bundles, &c., gross weight of each package, total gross weight, place of origin of the goods, value per packaged freight and shipping, insurance and commission charges, the amount of the insurance being separately set forth in the Declaration. Copies of the old and new form may be seen at the Consulate General of the Republic of Salvador, 7 and 8, Idol Lane, London, E.C., as well as at the Commercial Intelligence Branch of the Board of Trade, 50, Parliament Street, London, S.W.

IT WILL NOT DO to fool with a bad cold. No one can tell what the end will be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis and consumption invariably result from a neglected cold. As a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs and influenza, nothing can compare with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It always cures and cures quickly.—26ms 11. 4. 03

September 15.

BRITISH SUBJECTS COOPERATE. A meeting of British subjects interested in celebrating the independence of Costa Rica on September 15th took place at the British Vice-Consulate on Saturday evening last. Under the presidency of the Vice-Consul, the Chairman briefly explained the object of the meeting, and said that British subjects here this year desire to show their appreciation of the hearty support given them by Costa Ricans last year on the occasion of the Costa Rican festivities. An organizing committee has been formed, of which the speaker was a member, and a list has been sent out of the collection of funds from British subjects, as well as the appointment of sub-committees for the carrying out of certain items on the official programme. Mr. F. W. Wynter was unanimously appointed Secretary of the meeting, and the various matters were then dealt with.

FRIENDLY SOCIETIES PARADE. Mr. L. O. Fraser said he believed he was expressing the views of the other societies when he said that it would be impossible for them to parade in regalia. He also reminded the Chairman that no invitation to the meeting had been sent to Knights of Pythias, an omission he was sure was not intentional. The Rev. E. A. Pitt, representing this society, accepted the explanation of the Chairman for the omission, after some discussion it was left to the head officer of each Society to arrange the details of the parade.

SCHOOL CHILDREN PARADE. Messrs. Flowers, Price and Hylton, the respective schoolmasters, were unanimously elected to take charge of this item, and to teach the children the music and words of the Costa Rica National Anthem. The chairman expressed the hope that the pastors of the churches would also lend their valuable aid this time as on the occasion of the Coronation last year.

BICYCLE RACES. The following Committee, with power to add to their number, was then appointed: Messrs. Henry Goldburn (President), A. J. L. Steele, Horatio Allen, K. A. Simmonds and Z. English.

BAND. The Chairman mentioned that the Organizing Committee had donated One Hundred Colonos for the services of the Limon band, and Mr. W. Pearce, kindly promised to see the other members of the band, find out what the requirements were, and to report the result at the next meeting.

HORSE RACING. Some discussion ensued as to what street the Races should take place on a matter which was left to the Committee, which was then appointed as follows: Messrs. O. P. Nunes (President), Horatio Allen, J. A. Naar, Alcides Ramirez, Belisario Ramirez, David N. Vaz, S. Nation and E. A. Schloss.

FUNDS. In addition to a list to be kept in the Vice Consulate the following gentlemen agreed to accept the task of collecting funds from British Subjects in Limon: Messrs. Horatio Allen, F. C. Wynter, S. Byfield, J. A. Naar, T. P. Flowers, A. Hylton and Thos. Price. Collectors on the line were appointed as follows: MATINA, R. A. Heslop, ZENT JUNCTION, C. A. Shaw, CAIRO, C. A. Rowe, GERMANIA, E. U. Binns, GUACIMO, G. R. Morais; DOS NOVILLOS, W. Watson, ZENT, Josiah Davis.

CATHOLIC SCHOOL. Replying to an enquiry the Chairman said that he would confer with Mr. Eduardo Beeche who would probably make the necessary arrangements for this school to take part.

NEXT MEETING. It was decided that a joint meeting of the sub-committees just appointed should take place at the Vice Consulate at the same hour on Saturday next, the 22nd inst.

TWELVE MILES.

(COMMUNICATED) Very hot weather continues. Rain seems a foreign element here.

A little girl who is under the guardianship of a Mrs. Pinder of this district got her left thumb cut off whilst trying to 'chip' a water coconut for one of her fairer complexioned brethren. Our opinion in this matter is, that such a little child should not have been allowed to handle a machete. The woman herself should have done it. It is a pity that our Jamaica people have nothing to do but to send their children to Costa Rica to people who do not even have enough sense to protect themselves. The child has been taken to the doctor—we tender our sympathy to it.

The man Yates who it was reported was arrested on charge of felling a palm tree across the R. R. line has been tried and fined £105. That's good for Yates.

The Bar Mouth Wesleyan Chapel is going ahead rapidly. Next to nothing is left on it; only a few windows and the doors are left for its completion. Mr. Pitt really has the go in him. We admire him that way.

It pains us to note again that the Twelve Miles Baptist is really dull. Things might go on better but they have too much of self-sufficiency in them—they seem to be one of the 'Come not near me for I am holier than thou' sort of people.

Wanted.

Two good workmen. Apply at once; E. U. Binns, Tailor, La Germania. perm. 8.03

TWO NEW MEXICAN STEAMSHIP LINES.

ONE LINE IS TO RUN BETWEEN GULF PORTS AND CARIBBEAN SEA. (From Daily Post.)

Washington, Aug. 4.—Two new steamship lines are to be established under grants just issued by the Mexican Government according to a report from Consul Canada, at Vera Cruz, to the State Department. One line is to be run between Mexican Gulf ports and ports on the Caribbean Sea, and the other between Mexican Gulf ports and Central and South American ports. Steamers are to sail from Vera Cruz touching at Coahuacalco, Progreso, San Mateo de los Caballeros, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Colombia and Venezuela, and also from Vera Cruz, touching at Coahuacalco, Puerto Morelos, Bahia de la Ascension and Xucuman, with the privilege of extending the service to Belize and ports in Guatemala and Honduras. One round trip is to be made by both lines of steamers monthly, stopping at all ports inward and outward-bound. The steamers are not to be of less than 2,000 tons burden, having accommodations for first and second-class passengers and a minimum speed of ten knots. These steamers must be the property of the concessionaires, who are, however, authorized to charter vessels during the term of this concession, provided they are not chartered for a less time than six months. The concession is for a term of ten years. The Government reserves the right to employ these vessels as cruisers in case of war. All vessels of these lines are to sail under the Mexican flag.

All these new lines are intended for the purpose of opening up trade with the recently acquired territory of Quintana Roo, as well as with Central and South America; the Government has granted them special privileges and subsidies. They are to receive \$2,000 Mexican currency (\$766) for every round trip between Vera Cruz and Xucuman, and \$8,500 Mexican currency, (\$3,256) for every round trip between Vera Cruz and Venezuela. The Company's vessels have preference over any other merchant vessels on the gulf, whenever repairs have to be made at any of the Government arsenals. The concession is to be forfeited if both lines are not established within one year.

TRINIDAD IN THE ENGLISH FRUIT TRADE.

FIRST CARGO SHIPPED ON THE TRENT BY MR. SYMINGTON.

In its issue of the 1st inst., the Port-of-Spain Gazette says: The covers of the Trinidad Shipping and Trading Company was lying at Jetty yesterday with a selection of fruit for shipment by the R.M.S. Trent to England, consigned to the Symington West Indian Fruit Syndicate, Limited.

The barge's deck was covered with bananas in rows, laid on dried leaves, and in addition to these there were cases containing mangoes (four kinds mainly) apples, avocado pears, fresh peppers, guineps, sapodillas, golden apples, papaws, and pomegranates. There were also some water coconuts, pumpkin and parasites.

The bananas included five kinds, namely, white, gros-michel, governors, fig soil and fig sucrier. The orange trade will be taken up in September. Contributions came by train from the country districts for Trinidad also by the R. M. S. Kennet from the coast of this island and by the R.M.S. Spey from the coast of Tobago.

The whole collection was not as large as was expected after the promise made, and it cannot be too strongly urged on cultivators that success depends on supplying all the fruit that the steamers can take, but at the same time, Symington seems to consider that he has perhaps as much fruit as he ought to deal with on his trial trip.

FRUIT FROM BARBADOS.

Four hundred and forty five bags of bananas and a number of packages of mangoes were shipped on Saturday last by Mr. J. R. B. Bell, the Superintendent of the Botanical Station, on the Royal Mail Steamer Trent. The bananas were shipped to Portsmouth and Plymouth dealers. This says the Daily News, is an increase of 45 per cent. on the last shipment; and if the net price of \$1.02 per bunch keeps up, who shall say that the banana industry does not bid fair to be a very paying one?—Daily Telegraph.

ONE YEAR FOR ONE DOLLAR.

The difficulty experienced by Jamaica in receiving their letters has now been overcome to a great extent by a system introduced by Mr. F. M. H. Wood British Vice Consul in this port. At present John Smith can go to the Limon Post Office and receive letters for Thomas Jones and Thomas Jones in like manner can get letters for John Smith unless both parties are well known to the Postmaster, who is of course, expected to deliver any letters asked for to any person who asks for them unless he has good reason for supposing a fraud is being attempted. Now then, under the system adopted by Mr. Wood, John Smith can only receive letters that are intended for him; he cannot receive letters that are addressed to another person. It is very simple. You first of all instruct your friends in Jamaica to address your letters in care of 'Wood's Book Store'; you then purchase from Mr. Wood a numbered ticket, which will cost one dollar for one year, fifty cents for six months, or twenty-five cents for three months. Your name is then duly registered as a member of Wood's Letter Exchange, and letters arriving for you in care of Wood's Book Store will be taken care of and duly delivered to you on presentation of the ticket with which you are supplied on payment of fee mentioned. This is the only safe method up to date in ensuring safe delivery of dear letters.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

BACK numbers of English and American magazines more than three months old can be obtained at Wood's Book Store, Limon, at half price if in stock.

A good opportunity for purchasing a first-class type-writing machine on easy terms. Will arrive at Wood's Book Store from the States on Wednesday next. Price \$65 gold cash, or will accept \$7 in payments, \$1 gold cash down and \$1 monthly. A second-hand machine in perfect condition as new, originally costing \$102.5 gold.

Every workingman should possess a KEYS, one-Elgin Watch. For Five Dollars Gold can be obtained at Wood's Book Store a genuine Keystone watch with an Elgin movement. This is undoubtedly the cheapest watch ever placed on sale in this country. Call and see it. Agents on the line:—C. A. Shaw, Zent Junction; R. A. Heslop, Matina and George R. Morais, Guacimo, where samples may be seen and orders given.

Some things you may need and cannot find anywhere except at Wood's Book Store:—Cut Holders, 50 cents per pair; Pocket Folding Scissors, (1.00); Tooth Brushes, English, 50 cents; Metal Match Sates 50 cents; Marshmallows, Chocolate or plain, fresh, 50 cents and 1.00; Marking Ink, 50 cents; Ink Pencils, 20 cents; Pens from 50 cents; Kropf's (genuine) Razors (5.00); Judson's Dyes, all colors, 50 cents and 1.00; Aspinall's Enamel, 50 cents and 1.00; Bicycle Cement, 25 cents, (Tire or Rim); Crochet Cotton, all colors, 25 cents per reel.

For Sale.

Advertisements with this head Fifty Cents for twenty words; two insertions, seventy-five cents.

Lamps! Lamps!! Lamps!!! Table Lamps and Hanging Lamps. Lamp Shades, Lamp Chimneys and Lamp Wicks. At Wood's Book Store.

Aspinall's Enamel, all colors, in jars 50 cents and One color, at Wood's Book Store.

Three or Four Hanging Lamps at Wood's Book Store. Very cheap. No more use for them as we now use Acetylene.

Wood's Book Store, Limon, C. R. Price of books, 25.00.

Mountain Pens Fountain Pens ON SALE AT WOOD'S BOOK STORE. PORT OF LIMON, C. R. PRICE OF BOOKS, 25.00

LIMON MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. (REORGANIZED.) ADVANTAGES OR BENEFITS. One hundred Colonos advanced on the death of a member. The family or nominee of a deceased receives the amount of assessment of One Dollar currency from every member of the Society, less 5 per cent expenses. Thus, if there be 1,000 members, the Nominee receives C950. APPLICATIONS FOR MEMBERSHIP Received at the treasurer's office (Wood's Book Store) daily from 6:30 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. F. M. H. WOOD, Secretary and Treasurer.

WOOD'S BOOK STORE, LIMON.

Price List of Religious and Educational Books

Table with columns for book titles and prices. Includes titles like Arabian Nights, Bible, Prayer books, and various educational texts.

JUST ARRIVED MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. AT WOOD'S BOOK STORE. Includes an illustration of a gramophone and text: 'Obtained to Order by Wood's Book Store.'